NPS Form 10-900 (Ort. 1990) VLR - 9/18/96 NRHP - 2/21/97

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

# National Register of Histotic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the instructions in How to Complete the instruction in How to Complete the Instructio

■ Name of Property		
TUE OID CDAVCON	CO. COURTHOUSE and CI	EDV15 OFFTCF
historic nameTHE OLD GRAYSON	CO. COURTHOUSE and Cr	ERR 5 OFFICE
other names/site numberN/A		
2. Location		
street & numberGREENVILLE RD.	(640) and JUSTICE RD.	(SR 534) I not for publication
city or townGALGX		☑ vicinity
state VIRGINIA code 1	VA. county GRAYSON	code 077 zip code 24333
3 State/Federal Agency Certification		
	professional requirements set forth in 38 C ister criteria. I recommend that this properly a continuation sheet for additional comment Date	FR Part 60. In my opinion, the property
State of Federal agency and bureau	Kesources	
In my opinion, the property  meets does comments.)	not meet the National Register criteria. (	See continuation sheet for additional
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date	
Slate or Federal agency and bureau		
I. National <i>Park</i> Service Certification		
hereby certify that the property is:  entered in the National Register.  See continuation sheet.	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
determined eligible for the National Register  See continuation sheet.		
<ul> <li>determined not eligible for the National Register.</li> </ul>		
removed from the National Register.		
other, (explain:)		

and Clerk's Office
Name of Property

Grayson County, Virginia County and State

5. Classification			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Res (Do not include pre	sources within Property	y e count.)
<b>EX</b> private	☐ building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing	
public-local	☐ district	2	0	buildings
☐ public-State ☐ public-Federal	☐ site ☐ structure	0		_
	☐ object	0	0	structures
		- 0	_	objects
		2	^	Total
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part	or a multiple property listing.)	Number of con in the National	tributing resources pre Register	eviously listed
6. Function or Use				<del></del>
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from		
GOVERNMENT: Cour	thouse	DOMESTIC/Si	ngle Dwelling	
COVERNMENT: Gove	rnment Office	Work in Pro	gress	
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from i	nstructions)	
Early Republic/Federal		foundation Stone/Sandstone		
Early Republic/Fe	deral	walls Brick		
<del></del>				
7				

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

## Gravson County, Virginia County and State

8. Statement of Significance	
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more:boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
	Politics/Government
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	Architecture
☐ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	
© C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance  1834-1852 Courthouse
☐ O Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	1810 Clerk's Office
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates
Property is:	
☐ A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	
☐ B removed from its original location.	Significant Person (Complete il Criterion B is marked above)
C a birthplace or grave.	N/A
☐ D a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation
☐ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
☐ F a commemorative property.	
☐ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Architect/Builder Toncray, James (Courthouse)
	Dickenson, Martin (Clerk's Office)
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.	1
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Bibilography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on or	ne or more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
☐ preliminary determination of individual listing (36  CFR 67) has been requested ☐ previously listed in the National Register ☐ previously determined eligible by the National Register ☐ designated a National Historic Landmark ☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey	☐ State Historic Preservation Office ☐ Other State agency ☐ Federal agency ☐ Local government ☐ University ☐ Other  Name of repository:
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	

Old Grayson County Courthouse	
and Clerk's Office	Grayson County, Virginia
Name ct Property	County and State
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of Property Less than one acre	
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)	
1 1 7 5 0 35 2 0 40 5 63 5 9  Zone Easting Northing 2	Zone Easting Northing  4
Verbai Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	_
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	•
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Paul Hardin Kapp	
organization Paul Hardin Kapp, Designer	date7-15-96
street & number 406 North Main Street	telephone (540) 236-4.51
city or townGalax	state Virginia zip code 24333
Additional Documentation	
Submit the following items with the completed form:	
Continuation Sheets	
Maps	
A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the	property's location.
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having	ng large acreage or numerous resources.
Photographs	
Representative black and white photographs of the p	property.
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)	
Property Owner	
(Complete this nem at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
name Dr. and Mrs. John P. Kapp	
street & number 406 North Main Street	telephone (540) 236-4151

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

state Virginia zip code 24333

Galax

city or town.

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

NºS Ferm 104004

OHE APPRING HE ISTERDIC

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section	number	7	Page	1
			1 440	

Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office Grayson County, VA.

### ARCHITECTURAL SUMMARY

The Old Grayson County Courthouse is located in the community of Old Town, Grayson County, Virginia. Built in 1834, the Courthouse sits on approximately 0.66 of an acre near the intersection of Greenville Road (SR 640) and Justice Road (SR 634). The brick courthouse is a two-story central block with flanking two-story wings and a one-story addition on the rear north side which was built in the 1870s and expanded in 1988.

The Old Clerk's Office, built in 1810, is a simple one-room brick structure that sits diagonally across the road from the courthouse on .0115 of an acre on the southwest corner of Greenville Road (SR 640) and Justice Road (SR 634). It has two means of egress, one on the east elevation and the other on the south elevation.

### ARCHITECTURAL ANALYSIS

The Old Grayson County Courthouse is an unusual antebellum courthouse design because it resembles a residence more than a public building. Constructed by master builder, James Toncray, it is both simple and functional. The principal, south facing facade is symmetrical, with a tripartite massing scheme. The central block and the two flanking wings have gabled roofs; the pitch of the central block is more shallow than the wings. The building is one room wide and the second floor; matches the first floor. The central block facade is three bays wide. The entry has double doors, a simple transom and sidelights. A small iron balcony replaces a one-story wooden porch, which once sheltered the primary entry. A double-hung sash window is positioned over the entry where there once was a door leading onto the former porch. Flanking the central entry, there are double-hung sash windows on the first and second floors.

The two-story wings are very typical of Toncray's courthouses. The inner-bay of the two-bay wings have a single door on the first floor and a double-hung sash window on the second floor. The outer bay has double-hung sash windows on both floors. The window

MPS Form 16-600-d

OLIG Approved Mr. 1024-0018

۶

£

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section	number	7	Page	2

Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office Grayson County, VA.

Architectural Analysis (continued)

openings in the wings have jack arches that are 2 stretchers tall while the jack arches in the central block are only one stretcher tall.

The east and west gable ends are blank walls. The central block's walls are laid in American running bond while the two wings were laid in Flemish bond. The building rests on a cut sandstone foundation.

The roof structure on the central block and the flanking wings date to the 1870's. The entire roof is covered with slate, and is supported by revealed rafters spaced approximately two feet on center. The slate was installed in 1988.

The central bay with symmetrical flanking wings is a design characteristic found in Toncray's Old Wythe County Courthouse (1818, demolished), Scott County Courthouse (1829), the Montgomery County Courthouse (circa 1833, demolished), and the First Grayson County Courthouse of Independence, Virginia (circa 1863, demolished, 1904).

Behind the central-main entry, is the stair hall. On each side of the hall there are two rooms, one contained in the main building and one in the wing. In the western wing there is a small stair that leads to the second floor. Each room except the central hall has a fireplace. These fireplaces are serviced by four symmetrically placed corbeled-cap chimneys.

All of the rooms have a beaded baseboard and a chair rail made of a beaded board with a small wood cove and beaded cap. The most distinctive architectural trimwork is the eight fireplace mantels. Each mantel is approximately five and a half feet tall, constructed of beaded boards with unique ovolo moldings below the mantel shelf. The walls are loadbearing brick walls covered with plaster except for the two central hall walls which are painted board partitions. All of the floors in the courthouse feature original heart pine.

Four bathrooms were added during the 1988 remodeling.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section	number	7	Page	3
0000000	110111001		, age	

Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office Grayson County, VA.

Architectural Analysis (continued)

under the hall stair, one is against the north wall of the first floor of the west wing, and two are on the second floor of the central block.

The rear (northside) of the courthouse has a one-story ell addition with a basement built in 1870 and expanded in 1988. Most of the addition was built in the 1870s when the structure was used as a hotel. The short leg of the ell was expanded in 1988 for a family room. The addition has a slate roof. A carport with a deck above it is to the north of this ell addition.

Across the street from the courthouse is the brick one-room Clerk's Office. The masonry is laid in a Flemish bond and the gabled-roof is covered with slate. A single door located in the center of the east elevation features a fanlight transom. A small half-exterior, central chimney is on the west elevation. The north elevation has two double-hung sash windows, while the south elevation has one double-hung sash window and a door. A brick arch with a fanlight transom surmounts this entry. The foundation was rebuilt in the 1960s and it is made out of poured concrete. The molded brick water table on the north, east and west sides is one of the more elaborate construction features of the building.

The interior is very simple and was altered in the 1960s when the building was used as a voting precinct for the county. The walls are covered with gypsum wall board and a simple flat stock baseboard. The pine floor was installed during the 1960s. The west side of the room includes a wood-burning stove flanked with bookshelves, each having paneled doors.

The surrounding grounds are simple and unadorned. There is a stone walkway leading to the central entrance of the courthouse and a stone retaining wall on the west side of the property. The current owners have installed an asphalt driveway beyond the retaining wall and a paver brick walkway along the front elevation which works as a ground gutter. There are no built features or landscaping around the Old Clerk's Office except for the dry set stone retaining wall on the east side along Justice Road (State Road 640).

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number7	Page4	
-----------------	-------	--

#### **ENDNOTES**

- 1. Kapp Private Collection of historic photographs.
- John O. Peters and Margaret T. Peters, <u>Virginia's Historic Courthouses</u> (Charlottesville, VA.: University of Virginia Press, 1955): 106, 107.
- 3. Laura Bryant, "Courthouses of Grayson County", Virginia Cavalcade 25 (Spring, 1976): 162.

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number	8	Page	5
----------------	---	------	---

Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office Grayson County, VA.

### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office, Old Town, Virginia is located in eastern Grayson County. It is eligible under Criterion A because of its association with the evolution and growth of Grayson County and the formation of Carroll County, Virginia. Moreover, it is an excellent surviving example of the work of Master Builder, James Toncray, the premier builder of courthouses of this period in Southwest Virginia, thus eligible under Criterion C. These two buildings are the primary components of the first civic complex of Grayson County. Both buildings have retained most of their structural and contextual integrity. The Old Clerk's Office, built in 1810, was the first clerk's office in Grayson County while the Courthouse, built in 1834, was the county's third structure for this use.

#### HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

In 1792, the Virginia General Assembly voted to form Grayson County from Wythe County. The first meeting of the Grayson County Court was held in a double corncrib barn which belonged to Wm. Bourne, one of the founders of Grayson County.

In 1799, Charles Nuckolls and Flower Swift conveyed 90 acres they owned in the center of the county to Minitree Jones and Matthew Dickey, commissioners, for the "Publick" of Grayson County. The commissioners under the order of the county divided this land into half-acre lots which would become the county seat. The town was called Greenville, and is also known as Grayson Court House. On the north side of the Main Street (Greenville Road) in the center of the town a log structure was built. It became the second courthouse of Grayson County. It has long since disappeared.

In 1810, Martin Dickenson, the second Clerk of the County, built the Clerk's Office on a secondary road (Justice Road) across from the Courthouse, which ran perpendicular to Main Street (Greenville Road). <sup>4</sup> The two lots across from the log courthouse and Clerk's

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number \_\_\_\_8 Page \_\_\_6

Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office Grayson County, VA.

Historical Background (continued)

Office had several owners between the years of 1799-1824. In 1824 Dickenson bought the lots and by 1826 sold the Clerk's Office to the county only to own it again when he exchanged his two lots fronting the log courthouse for the Clerk's Office in 1833.<sup>5</sup>

In that year, the county commissioners selected James Toncray to build the brick courthouse on the two lots. Toncray was the most prominent courthouse builder in Southwest Virginia, constructing the courthouses in Wythe County, (1818 demolished), Scott County (1829) Montgomery County and Floyd County at the same time he was building the Grayson County Courthouse.

These courthouses are similar in both form and appearance. Besides being built of brick and designed in the Federal style, the courthouses he designed had a tripartite composition with a two-story central block and flanking two-story wings. The symmetrical flanking wings were two bays long with a door in the inner bay. The Old Grayson Courthouse is a typical example of his design. It is the most intact and least altered Toncray courthouse in Virginia.

In 1834 the County began using the Courthouse in Greenville. In 1842 the Virginia General Assembly divided Grayson County and formed Carroll County from the eastern half. By 1848 after a sixyear dispute on whether the county seat should stay in Greenville or be moved to a new centrally located site, the county government agreed to abandon the courthouse and relocate. In 1850 the county seat moved to its present location in Independence, and in 1854 the county sold the empty courthouse to William B. Dickenson. The Clerk's Office would later be sold to Creed Nuckolls. In 1855, Nuckolls also bought the courthouse structure.

From 1855 to 1871 the courthouse was used as a private residence. In 1871, then owner Mastin Hale sold the courthouse building to William P. Waugh who added the one-story ell addition and converted it into a hotel. It would serve in this capacity for nearly 40 years. The property was then sold to Harvey Williams who converted

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section	number	8	Page	7
CCCHOIL	110111201		i ago	

Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office Grayson County, VA.

Historical Background (continued)

the building from a hotel to an apartment building.9

During most of the 20th century, the courthouse changed ownership and uses, from an apartment building to a hay barn. In 1983 the current owners, Dr. and Mrs. John P. Kapp, bought the courthouse from William D. Ring, and in 1988 began restoring and remodeling. In 1989 it was occupied as the residence of Dr. and Mrs. John P. Kapp.

After the county offices were moved to Independence the Clerk's Office served many uses as well, from a post office for Old Town to a dental office. During most of the 20th century it was used as a voting precinct for the eastern portion of Grayson County. In 1989 the county sold the Clerk's Office to Kapp. The Old Grayson Courthouse and Clerk's Office are excellent examples of civic architecture in Southwest Virginia representing the late Federal Style and are significant monuments to the early governments of both Grayson and Carroll Counties of Virginia.

#### Endnotes

- 1. Laura Bryant, Courthouses of Grayson County", Virginia Cavalcade 25 (Spring, 1984): 162.
- 2. John W. Parsons, "Chain of Title for Old Grayson Courthouse", January 13, 1984.
- 3. Betty Lou Fields and Jane Hughes, <u>Grayson County</u>, A <u>History of Words and Pictures</u> (Winston-Salem, NC: Hunter Publishing Company, 1976): 16.
- 4. Bryant, 160.
- 5. Parsons, 2.
- 6. John O. Peters and Margaret T. Peters, <u>Virginia's Historic</u>
  <u>Courthouses</u> (Charlottesville, VA.: University of Virginia
  Press, 1955): 106, 107.
- Bryant, 162.
- 8. Parsons, 2.

475 Ferm 10-800-4

**United States Department of the Interior**National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number	8	Page	8
<del></del>			

Endnotes (Continued)

10. Shirley Gordon, Interview with Author, Independence, VA. September 20, 1995.

S Fam to 800-e

## United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 9,10 Page 12

Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office Grayson County, VA.

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

Bryant, Laura. "Courthouses of Grayson County" <u>Virginia Cavalcade</u> 25, Spring, 1976.

Bucklen and Bucklen. <u>County Courthouses of Virginia</u>. Charleston, WV: Pictorial Histories Publishing Co., 1988.

Farrar, Emmie Ferguson and Emilee Hines. <u>Old Virginia Houses: The Mountain Empire</u>. Charlotte, NC: Deumar Publishing Co., 1978.

Fields, Betty-Lou, ed. <u>Grayson County: A History in Words and Pictures</u>. Winston-Salem, NC: Hunter Publishing Co., 1976.

Gordon, Shirley. Interview with Author, Independence, VA, September 20, 1995.

Historic American Building Survey. Virginia Catalog (HABS), 1976 Federal. Library of Congress, Washington, D.C., p. 364. Also: HABSI.

Kapp Private Collection of historic photographs.

Parsons, John W. (Attorney-at-Law) to Dr. John P. Kapp. "Chain of Title for Old Grayson County Courthouse", Old Town, VA, Independence, VA, January 13, 1984.

Peters, John O. and Margaret T. Peters. <u>Virginia's Historic</u> <u>Courthouses</u>. Charlottesville, VA: University Press of Virginia, 1995.

Virginia Department of Historic Resources, <u>Survey</u>. VDHR File No.: 38-04.

GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

#### <u>Verbal Boundary Description</u>

The boundaries of the Old Grayson County Courthouse and the Old

HPS Form 16-800-4

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 9,10 Page 13

Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office Grayson County, VA.

Geographical Data - Verbal Boundary Description (continued)

Clerk's Office are shown as dashed and dotted lines on the accompanying map entitled "Site Map of the Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office, Old Town, Grayson County, VA, 1996." Tax Map No. 57-A-107A, D.B. 196-P. 734

### Verbal Boundary Justification

The nominated property includes the entire parcel historically associated with the Old Grayson County Courthouse and Clerk's Office, Old Town, Va.

300

OLIG Assessed Ma. SAZAGGE



